

# Safer Alternatives to Methylene Chloride Consumer Product Paint Strippers

April 23, 2013



Katy Wolf, Ph.D.  
Institute for Research and  
Technical Assistance

# Institute for Research and Technical Assistance

- Small nonprofit technical organization established in 1989
- Identifies, develops, tests and demonstrates safer alternatives in consumer product and industrial applications
- Projects have led to reduction in use of hazardous substances in California by more than 100 tons per day

# Background on Consumer Product Paint Stripping

- Furniture stripping companies strip items for consumers
  - › Some large strippers use equipment and buy stripper from suppliers
  - › Smaller strippers purchase and use consumer product strippers from hardware and paint supply stores
  - › IRTA estimated 80 facilities in California have equipment, 500 facilities do not



# Background on Stripping Cont'd

- Other businesses use consumer product strippers
  - Contractors
  - Boatyards
  - Paint manufacturers
  - Aircraft maintenance companies
  - Other manufacturers/ small businesses with painting operations



# Background on Stripping Cont'd

- ◎ Consumers strip wood and metal items



# Characteristics of Methylene Chloride Paint Strippers

- Most effective paint strippers contain methylene chloride (METH) as active ingredient
  - › Generally contain other components like methanol, rinse agents, thickeners and waxes, depending on application
- METH is a carcinogen
  - › Chemical is a listed HAP and TAC, it is on California's Proposition 65 and it is a listed hazardous waste under RCRA
- METH has stringent OSHA level established in 1997
  - › Very low exposure limit and action limit

# Characteristics of One Major Alternative

- ◉ N-methyl pyrrolidone (NMP) marketed as “green” alternative
- ◉ Chemical is a reproductive and developmental toxin
  - > NMP is listed on California's Proposition 65
  - > May soon be regulated by Cal/OSHA
  - > IRTA requested that the California Air Resources Board (CARB) add it to TAC list but CARB has not done so

# Motivation for Investigating Alternatives

- IRTA worked on various projects over last 15 years to find alternatives in furniture stripping
  - › Focused first on low METH content strippers and high air flow ventilation equipment
- Later worked on safer alternatives for furniture stripping and consumer product strippers
  - › Had to solve both problems to include all furniture stripping
- Also worked on safer alternatives for various industrial applications over many year period
  - › Aircraft stripping, metal stripping, boat hull stripping

# More Recent Urgent Motivation

- Two worker deaths from use of methylene chloride consumer product paint strippers in California
- Paint manufacturing company in Orange County
  - › Worker used paint stripper to strip paint production tank
- Church
  - › Worker used paint stripper in baptismal font



# Presentation Outline

- Present results for project focusing on alternatives used by furniture strippers, contractors and consumers
- Present results for project that included boat hull stripping alternatives
- Present alternatives approach for other applications
- Identify government agencies with ability to regulate/ban methylene chloride paint strippers

# Furniture Stripper and Consumer Product Stripper Alternatives

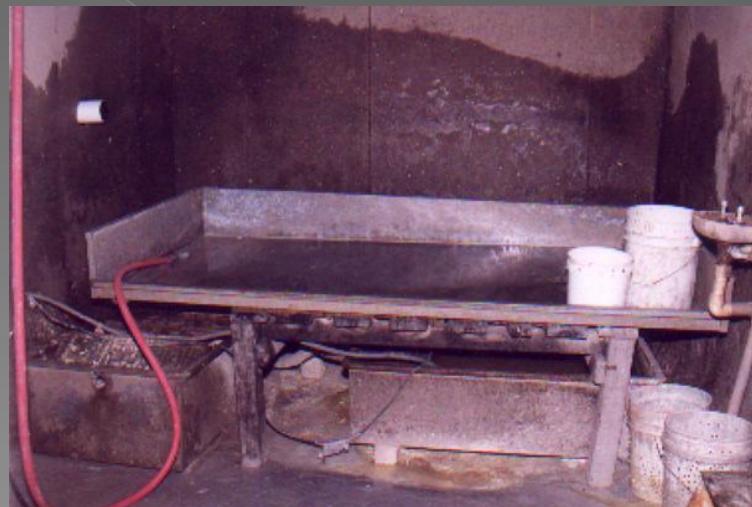
- Project sponsored by DTSC
- Worked with paint stripper supplier called Benco Sales
- Focused on alternatives to methylene chloride and NMP
- Project aim
  - › Identify, develop, test, demonstrate safer alternatives for furniture stripping and consumer product strippers used by furniture strippers, contractors and consumers

# Testing With Furniture Strippers Using Equipment

- Worked with two stripping companies in Southern California
- Formulated different alternative strippers and compared their stripping effectiveness to baseline stripper
- B7 containing methylene chloride and methanol is baseline stripper
- Three alternative strippers based on benzyl alcohol were tested

# Testing in Equipment Cont'd

- Stripping procedure in equipment
  - > Use flow tray which is sloped tank with drain at lower end
  - > Apply stripper using pump to items in flow tray
  - > Wait for a period and pump more stripper on items to completely remove paint
  - > Take items to water wash booth and rinse residue of coating and stripper
  - > Let items dry prior to painting



# Testing in Equipment Cont'd

- Stripped a variety of different items at Sunset Strip in flow tray
  - Chest of drawers with lacquer coating, mirror frame with shellac coating, door with shelac coating, chair with enamel coating



# Testing in Equipment Cont'd

- Stripped several items at Strip Joint in flow tray
  - Mahogany drawer with lacquer coating, dental cabinet drawer with multiple layers of latex coating, mahogany door with several enamel coatings, oak drawer and door with varnish coating



# Results of Testing in Equipment

- The baseline stripper stripped all items except the dental cabinet drawer with the latex coating
- Two of the alternative benzyl alcohol stripping formulations performed reasonably well
- One formulation performed best and it also stripped the latex coating
- About half as much of the alternative strippers were required but double the amount of hazardous waste was generated

# Annualized Cost Comparison for Furniture Stripping in Equipment

	METH Stripper	Benzyl Alcohol Stripper
Capital Cost	-	\$217
Stripper Cost	\$4,790	\$4,250
Rinse Agent Cost	\$55	\$124
<u>Disposal Cost</u>	\$300	\$350
Total Cost	\$5,145	\$4,941

# Furniture Stripping Without Equipment (Hand Stripping)

- Meant to represent majority of furniture stripping companies who purchase consumer product strippers
- Used baseline stripper called B4 as control
  - › Contains methylene chloride and methanol
- Formulated and tested four alternative strippers
  - › Two strippers contained benzyl alcohol and acetone
  - › Two strippers contained benzyl alcohol and no acetone

# Hand Stripping Cont'd

- ◉ Variety of items stripped at Sunset Strip
  - › Bed rail with shellac coating, chair with two coats of enamel, bookcase shelf with lacquer coating



# Hand Stripping Cont'd

- ◎ Several items stripped at Strip Joint
  - › Panel with lacquer coating, dental drawer with three coats of latex, panel with five coats of enamel, mirror frame with varnish coating



# Results of Hand Stripping at Furniture Stripping Companies

- General results indicated that B4 was the most effective stripper
- One of the alternative benzyl alcohol strippers was almost as good as the B4 stripper

# Contractor On-Site Stripping Tests

- Contractors strip items in houses and offices
- Items include cabinets, molding, frames
- Doors and drawers often removed and stripped off-site
- IRTA and Benco Sales conducted tests of alternative strippers for cabinet stripping at Palos Verdes home



# Contractor Alternative Strippers

- Baseline stripper is called Lifteeze
  - › Contains methylene chloride, methanol, acetone and toluene
- Tested two alternative strippers based on benzyl alcohol
- Procedure involved applying three strippers to a panel, letting the strippers act for a time and then scraping off the residual stripper and coating residue



# Results of Contractor On-Site Stripping Tests

- ◉ Baseline stripper Lifteeze was best overall stripper
- ◉ One of the alternative benzyl alcohol strippers was nearly as effective as the Lifteeze

# Consumer Stripping Tests

- ◉ Items most often stripped by consumers are made of wood
  - › Includes doors, door jambs, cabinetry, chairs, bed frames and tables
  - › Most common coating encountered is lacquer
- ◉ Consumers also strip metal patio furniture
  - › Would likely be painted with a primer and topcoat

# Consumer Stripping Tests Cont'd

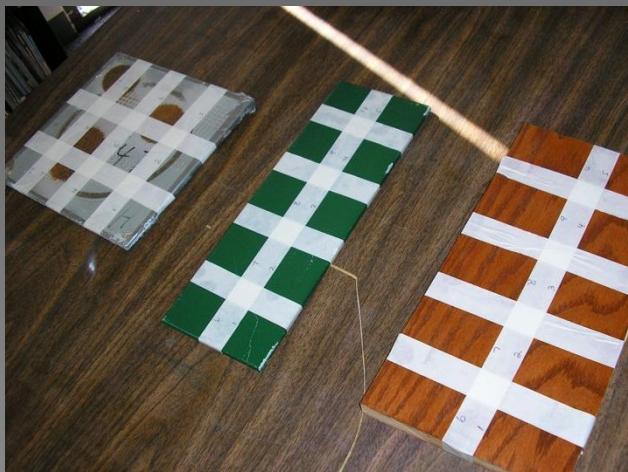
- ◎ For consumer stripping tests, constructed three panels
  - › Wood panel with a nitrocellulose lacquer to represent the majority of wood items
  - › Metal panel with an epoxy primer and cross-linked polyurethane topcoat to represent the majority of metal patio items
  - › Metal panel with an epoxy primer and a UV cured topcoat to represent the coatings of the future

# Alternative Strippers Used in Consumer Product Tests

- IRTA investigated alternative consumer product strippers on the market
- Tested and compared five alternative strippers
  - KS Brushable Stripper containing METH and methanol (high METH content stripper)
  - BIX Stripper containing METH and methanol (low METH content stripper)
  - CS Stripping Gel containing NMP (NMP stripper)
  - Ready-Strip Pro containing NMP and benzyl alcohol (NMP stripper)
  - Ben's Nu-Tech Stripper containing benzyl alcohol (formulated by Benco for testing)

# Panel Testing Procedure

- Panels were masked off
- The five stripping formulations and B4, the high METH content hand stripper, tested at the furniture stripping companies, were applied to the panels
- The panels were inspected at various intervals to determine if strippers had stripped the paint



# Results of Panel Stripping Tests

- Four of the strippers stripped the coating on the wood panel within 10 minutes
  - › Bix Stripper took 20 minutes to strip and Ready Strip Pro took one hour to strip
- Four of the strippers stripped the primer and topcoat from the green metal panel in 5.5 hours
  - › CS Stripping Gel and KS Brushable Stripper took about 20 hours to strip
- After 20 hours, only two strippers, Ben's Nu-Tech Stripper and Ready-Strip Pro, both containing benzyl alcohol, were beginning to work on the gray metal panel

# Cost Comparison of Consumer Hand Strippers

Stripper	Type	Stripper Cost Per Quart	Amount Used	Total Cost
KS Brushable Stripper	METH	\$7.47	2 quarts	\$14.94
BIX Stripper	METH	\$5.97	2 quarts	\$11.94
CS Stripping Gel	NMP	\$10.99	1 quart	\$10.99
Ready-Strip Pro	NMP, benzyl alcohol	\$17.69	1 quart	\$17.69
Ben's Nu-Tech	benzyl alcohol	\$7.95	1 quart	\$7.95

# Boat Hull Paint Stripping Alternatives

- Boat hull stripping alternatives work performed as part of project sponsored by EPA and DTSC
- Boat hull paints containing copper are used to protect hulls from attachment by marine life
- Paint needs to be stripped periodically
- Boatyards strip paint using one of two methods
  - › Chemical stripping
  - › Abrasive hand stripping

# Characteristics of Chemical Stripping

- Chemical strippers contain methylene chloride
  - › Purchase stripper at hardware or marine supply stores
  - › Commonly used formulation called Klean-Strip Aircraft Remover
  - › Contains 60 to 100 percent methylene chloride
- Stripping procedure
  - › Lay down tarp or cardboard
  - › Formulation applied three to five times
  - › Paint bubbles up and workers use scraper to remove coating residue
  - › Boat is rinsed down with water and lightly sanded

# Chemical Stripping Cont'd

## ◎ Waste disposal

- › Tarp/cardboard with coating residue and stripper waste is classified as hazardous waste
- › Many boatyards throw waste in garbage
  - Believe that if it is dry, it is not hazardous

# Hand Sanding/Stripping

- Use DA or vacuum sander to abrade paint from surface of boat
- May have to shroud boat with plastic so particulate matter does not affect other boatyard paint jobs
- Sanding dust generated in process is hazardous waste because of copper
  - › If dry, must handle as hazardous waste
  - › If wet, will enter the clarifier or become airborne

# Alternative Stripping Methods

- Examined and tested three alternative stripping methods to see if using them is less costly
  - › All abrasive blasting methods
- Dry sodium bicarbonate stripping
  - › Uses media to abrade paint
  - › Called soda blasting



# Alternative Methods Cont'd

- Wet volcanic rock stripping
  - > Uses volcanic rock/water media to abrade paint
- Dry ice blasting
  - > Uses carbon dioxide pellets to abrade paint
  - > Advantage is that there is no secondary media



# Alternative Methods Cont'd

- Marine Group, a boatyard in San Diego, had boat destined for demolition
- Conducted tests of all three technologies at the same time on the boat
- One aim was to determine whether technologies could strip paint from a boat
  - > Rough idea of efficiency
- Another aim was to collect residue and determine whether residue was hazardous waste

# Alternative Stripping Methods Cont'd

- Conducted cost analysis/comparison
- Determined that waste is hazardous waste



# Results of Stripping Tests

- ◉ All three alternative technologies could effectively strip boat hull paint
- ◉ Compared cost of using methylene chloride stripper, hand sanding and sodium bicarbonate blasting
- ◉ Cost to boatyards for renting equipment for sodium bicarbonate blasting, volcanic rock blasting and dry ice blasting is roughly comparable

# Cost Comparison of Alternative Stripping Technologies

## Cost Comparison for 30 Foot Boat

System	Description	Cost
METH Stripping	Baseline	\$1,434.00
Hand Sanding	Hand Abrasion	\$1,313.00
Sodium Bicarb	Abrasive Blasting	\$1,075 to \$1,276

# Alternative Stripping Methods for Other Applications

- Aircraft stripping can be performed with alternative benzyl alcohol strippers and/or abrasive methods like PMB, sodium bicarbonate blasting and wheat starch blasting
- Paint tank stripping can be performed with hand sanding or abrasive blasting methods. Can also strip paint directly after manufacture and before it is cured
- Companies with painting operations can strip paint for rework before paint has cured

# General Alternatives Approach

- Metal stripping like aircraft stripping and fiberglass boat hull stripping can be performed by hand sanding or with abrasive methods
- Paint tank stripping and manufactured parts stripping can be performed before curing or by hand sanding or with abrasive methods
- Fixtures from paint conveyor lines can be stripped cryogenically or with benzyl alcohol or hot alkaline strippers
- Wood stripping by furniture strippers generally requires a chemical stripper and can use benzyl alcohol strippers
- Consumers can use any benign stripper because the time for stripper to work does not matter

# Agencies With Authority to Ban Methylene Chloride Strippers

- EPA identifying chemicals for review under TSCA
  - › Has developed risk assessments for methylene chloride and NMP in paint stripping for review
  - › Used IRTA study in risk assessments
  - › Could ban both chemicals but rarely takes action
- California Air Resources Board regulates toxic and VOC emissions from consumer products in California
  - › Has banned methylene chloride in many other product categories
  - › Could ban methylene chloride and restrict NMP as VOC in consumer product paint strippers
  - › Does not believe there are alternatives in spite of evidence to the contrary

# Agencies Cont'd

- California Department of Toxic Substances Control is developing a “Green Chemistry” regulation
  - › Could ban methylene chloride as one of first chemicals of concern in product combinations
  - › Current version of regulation would not catch NMP
  - › Process likely to be substantially delayed
- South Coast Air Quality Management District
  - › Methylene chloride is TAC so air districts have authority to regulate it
  - › Can ban methylene chloride use at stationary sources (industrial operations) and can likely ban methylene chloride use in consumer products sold in Southern California
  - › More difficult to ban NMP

# Conclusions

- There are demonstrated safer alternatives to methylene chloride consumer product strippers
- There have been two deaths associated with methylene chloride strippers in California in the last few years
  - › Likely to be consumer deaths in years ahead
- Government agencies with the authority to regulate strippers have not stepped forward to do so
- Must regulate methylene chloride and NMP in concert

# Materials

- ◎ IRTA website can be accessed at  
[www.irta.us](http://www.irta.us)
- ◎ Two reports and fact sheet available
  - > “Methylene Chloride Consumer Product Paint Strippers: Low-VOC, Low Toxicity Alternatives”
  - > “Safer Alternatives to Copper Antifouling Paints: Nonbiocide Paint Options”
  - > “Alternative Boat Hull Paint Stripping Methods”

# Contact Information

Dr. Katy Wolf  
Institute for Research and  
Technical Assistance (IRTA)  
8579 Skyline Drive  
Los Angeles, CA 90046  
Phone (323)656-1121  
Cell (818) 371-9260  
Fax (818) 656-1122  
[kwolf.irta@earthlink.net](mailto:kwolf.irta@earthlink.net)  
[www.irta.us](http://www.irta.us)