



POLLUTION
PREVENTION

P2R

RESOURCE
EXCHANGE

Reducing Plastic Debris in the Los Angeles and San Gabriel River Watersheds

JESSICA MIDBUST

MICHAEL MORI

PAULA RICHTER

BILL VOSTI

ADVISOR: DEREK BOOTH

P2RX BEHAVIOR CHANGE WEBINAR

MAY 13, 2014

BREN SCHOOL OF
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& MANAGEMENT

Significance of Plastic Debris

Presence of plastics in the environment is ubiquitous

Wind and circulation patterns move plastic debris to ocean gyres

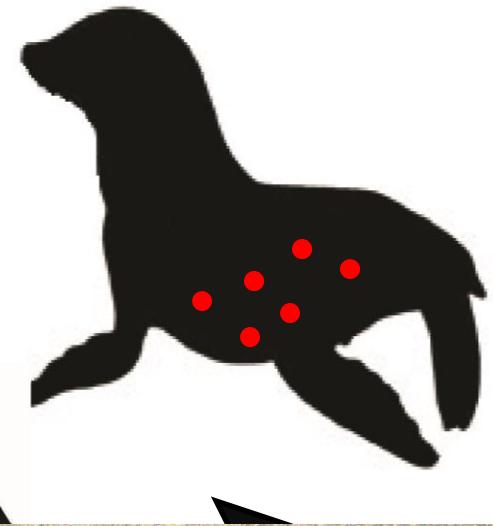
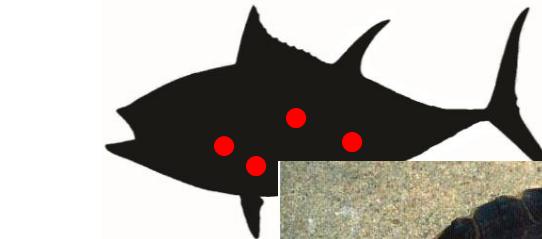
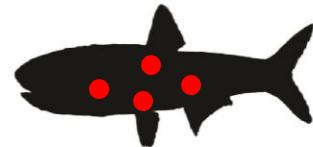
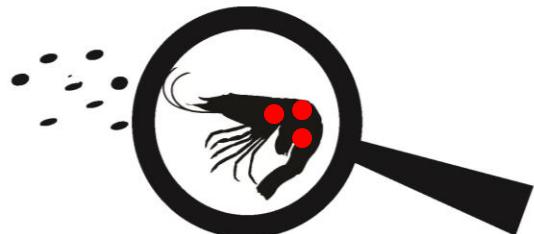
Plastic production is on the rise

Population density is positively correlated with increased plastic debris

The Impacts of Plastic Debris

Consumption

Entanglement



Additional Impacts

Inhibition of sea floor processes

Decreased tourism

Transport of invasive species

Cleanups are expensive



Source: sea.edu

Emerging Impacts



Airplane Search Sheds Light On Massive Marine Pollution

Here & Now

Airplane Search Sheds Light On Massive Marine Pollution

0:00 / 7:22

Download this story

357 plays

Embed



Captain Charles Moore retrieves plastic debris from the ocean in September 2007. (Algalita Marine Research Institute)

POPULAR SCIENCE

Login/Register | Newsletter | Subscribe

GADGETS CARS S

GALLERIES // VIDEOS // BLOGS //

Search For Flight 370 Turns Up... Tons of Trash

While the search hasn't yet found the plane, it has turned up a lot of floating plastic rubbish.

By Douglas Main Posted 03.31.2014 at 3:11 pm

CBSNEWS

Video | US | World | Politics | Entertainment | Health | Money

Ocean garbage frustrates search for missing Malaysia Airlines plane

"Any search and rescue attempt will be hampered by untold quantities of debris" - Charles Moore

The Sources of Plastic Debris

~50% of trash entering the ocean is from land-based sources

~50% of that trash is plastic

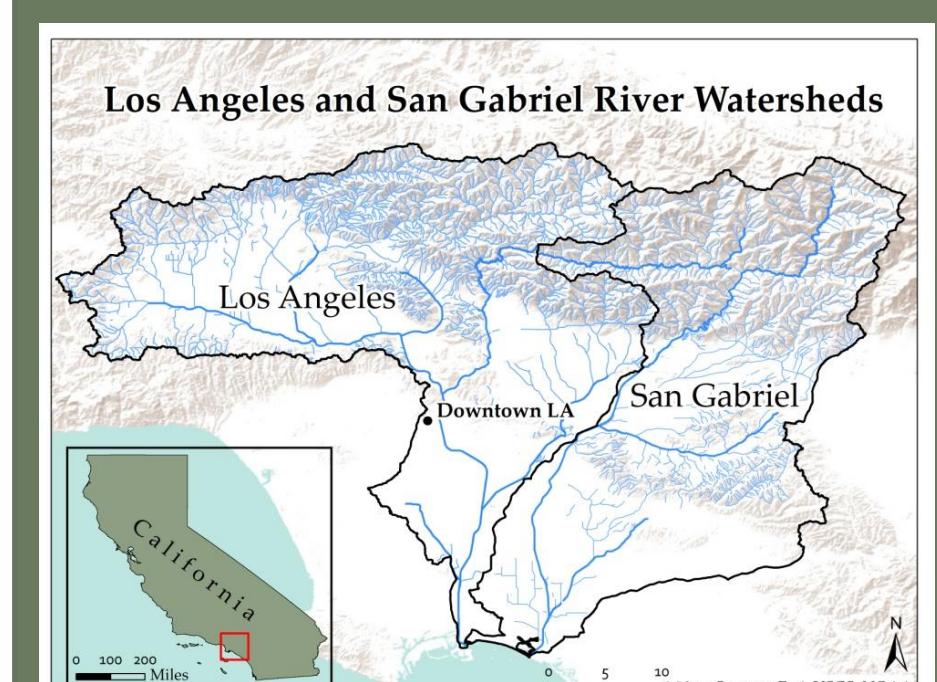
~50% of all trash found in beach and river cleanups is plastic

~50% of all trash is single-use packaging

Project Description

Description

Conduct an analysis of plastic debris in the Los Angeles and San Gabriel River Watersheds and recommend policies to reduce this debris



Objectives

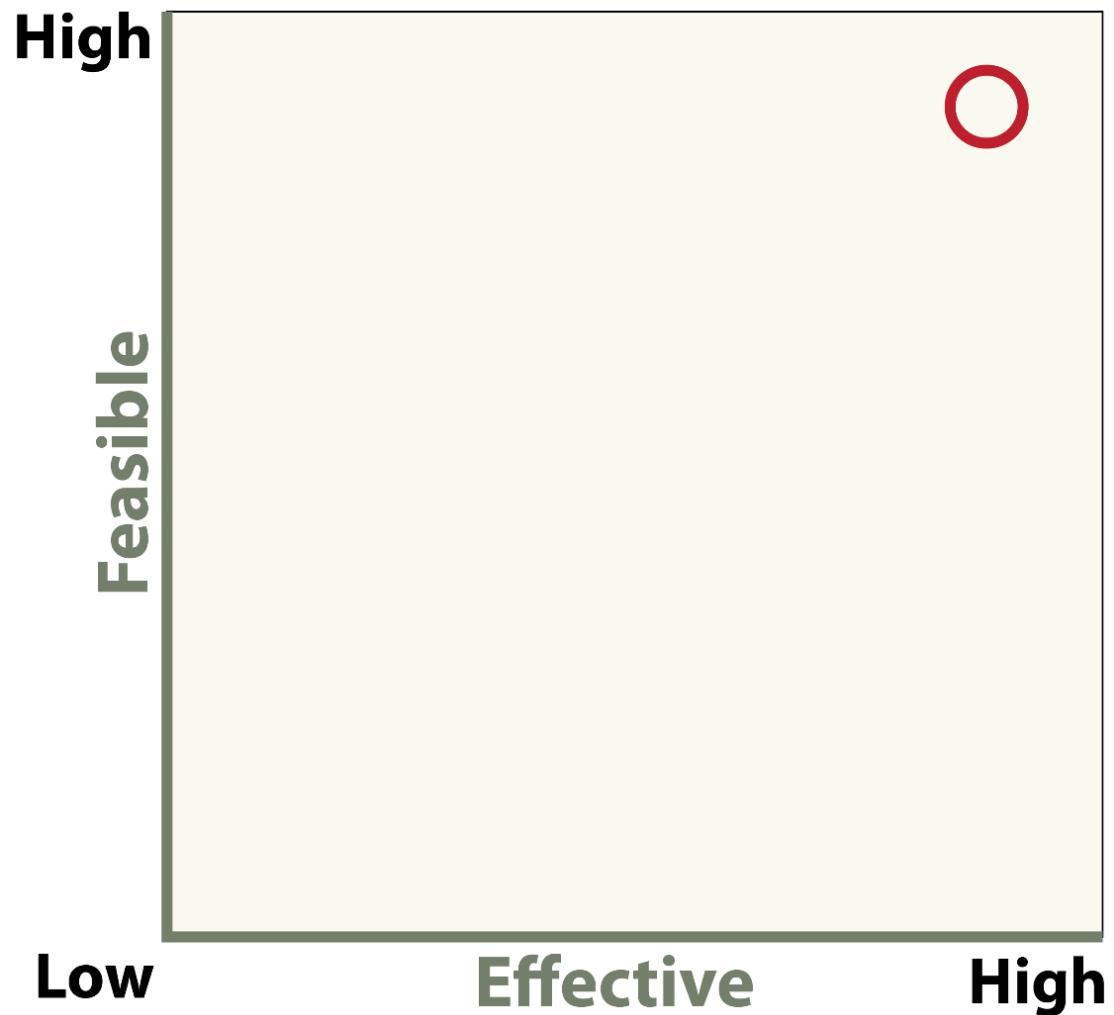
Background Investigation

Literature Review

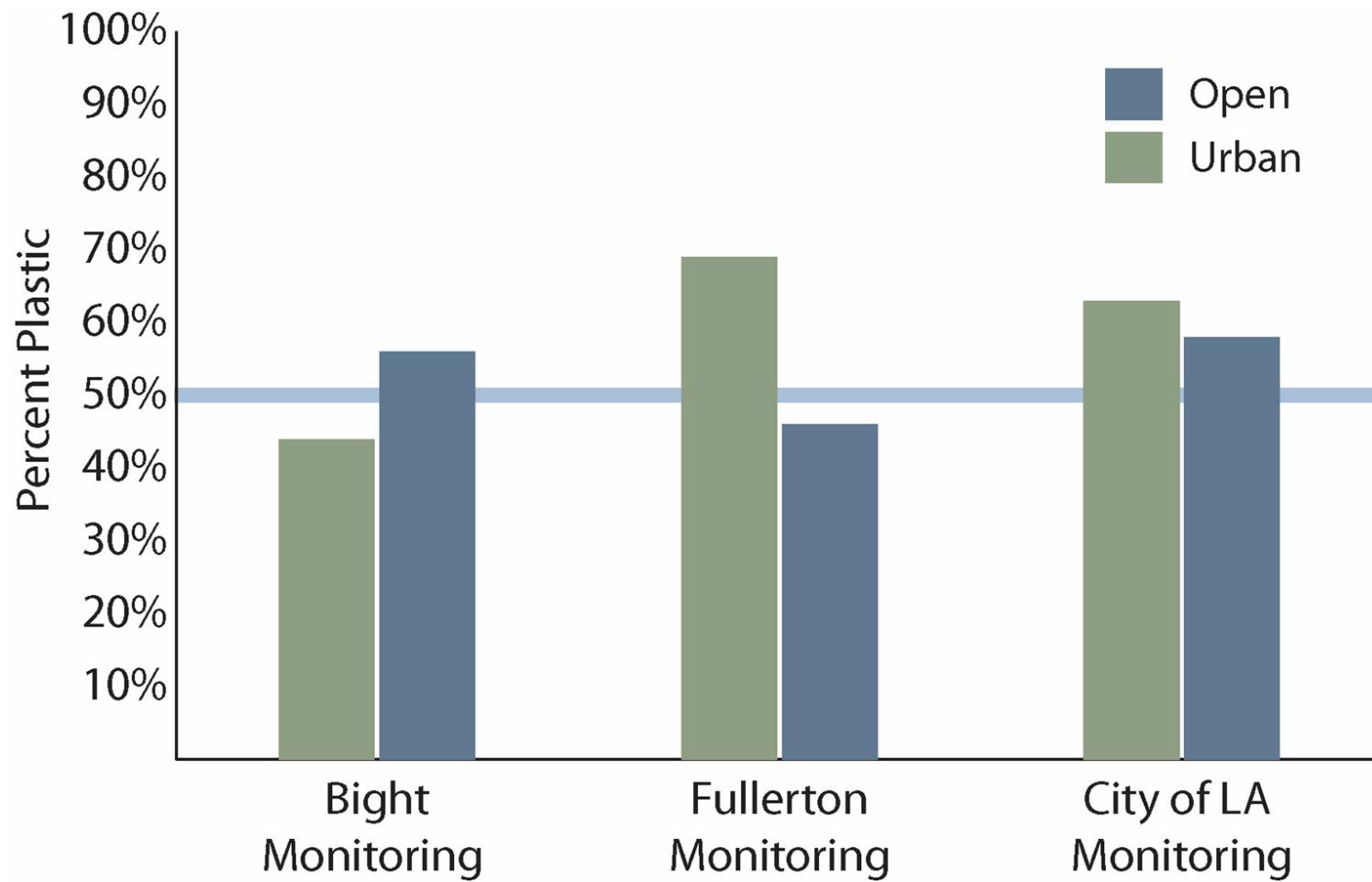
Quantitative Analyses

Policy Recommendations

Objectives: Policy Recommendations



Plastic Debris Quantity in Study Region



Three Common Types of Plastic Debris



Litter

- Often single-use plastic
- Can breakdown into <5 mm pieces, especially polystyrene



Preproduction Plastic

- 1 to 5 mm plastic used in manufacturing



Microplastics

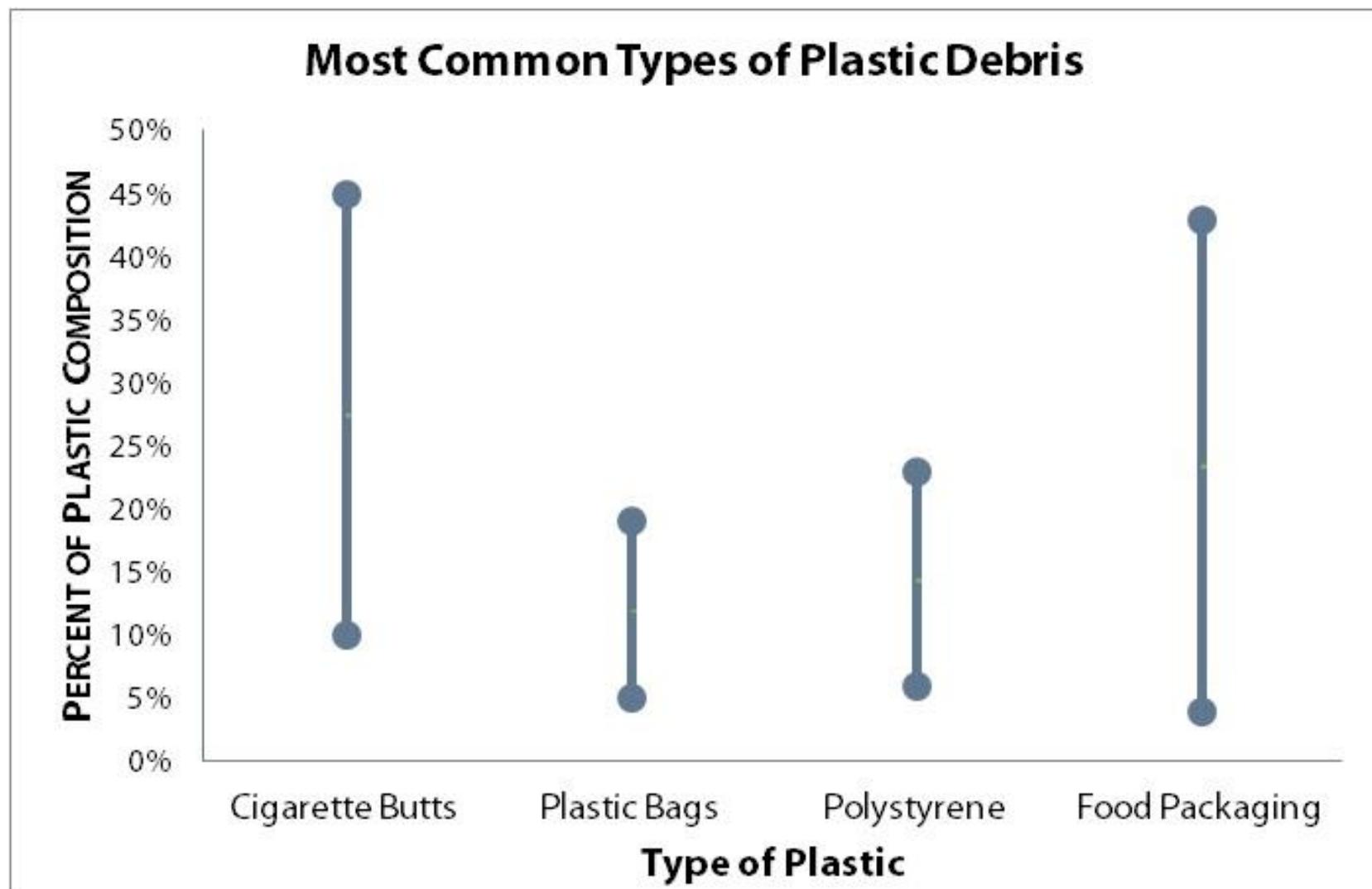
- <1 mm plastics used in cosmetics and clothes

People Litter – A Lot!

Los Angeles County (2007) found that,
in just one month, litter:

- Is thrown on the ground or out of a car 830,000 times
- Blows onto a street more than 800,000 times
- Ends up in a storm drain close to 280,000 times
- LA Police Department gives out ~7,000 tickets per year

Plastic Debris Characterization in the Watersheds



Zero Trash TMDLs are Hit or Miss

Los Angeles River Watershed Trash TMDL

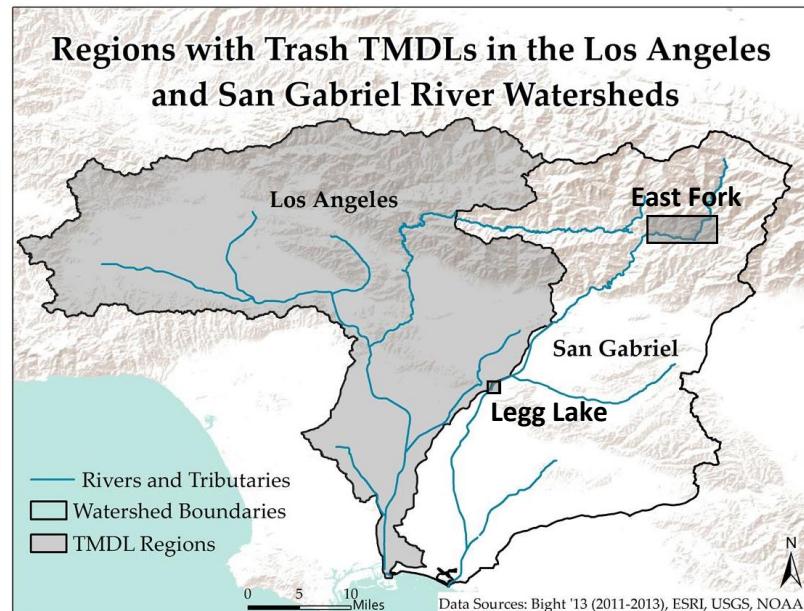
- Catch basin inserts reduce plastic debris
- Inserts miss <5 mm debris
- 25% of cities not in compliance with TMDL

East Fork San Gabriel River Trash TMDL

- Recent trash collection shows high amounts of plastic debris

Legg Lake Trash TMDL

- No annual reports submitted since 2008



Source: stormtekcps.com

Three Common Types of Plastic Debris



Litter

- Often single-use plastic
- Can breakdown into <5 mm pieces, especially polystyrene



Preproduction Plastic

- 1 to 5 mm plastic used in manufacturing



Microplastics

- <1 mm plastics used in cosmetics and clothes

Plastic Facilities Play a Role

Facilities use preproduction plastic

- Spills are common and accepted within the industry
- Industry is dominated by small volume producers (< 1 million pounds per year)

Operation Clean Sweep

- Only 13% participation rate in California
- Only 8 facilities in LA River Watershed and 4 facilities in SG River Watershed



Source: California State Water Board

Three Common Types of Plastic Debris



Litter

- Often single-use plastic
- Can breakdown into <5 mm pieces, especially polystyrene



Preproduction Plastic

- 1 to 5 mm plastic used in manufacturing



Microplastics

- <1 mm plastics used in cosmetics and clothes

Microplastics are an Emerging Concern

<1 mm and used in cosmetics and clothes

Discharged from wastewater treatment plants

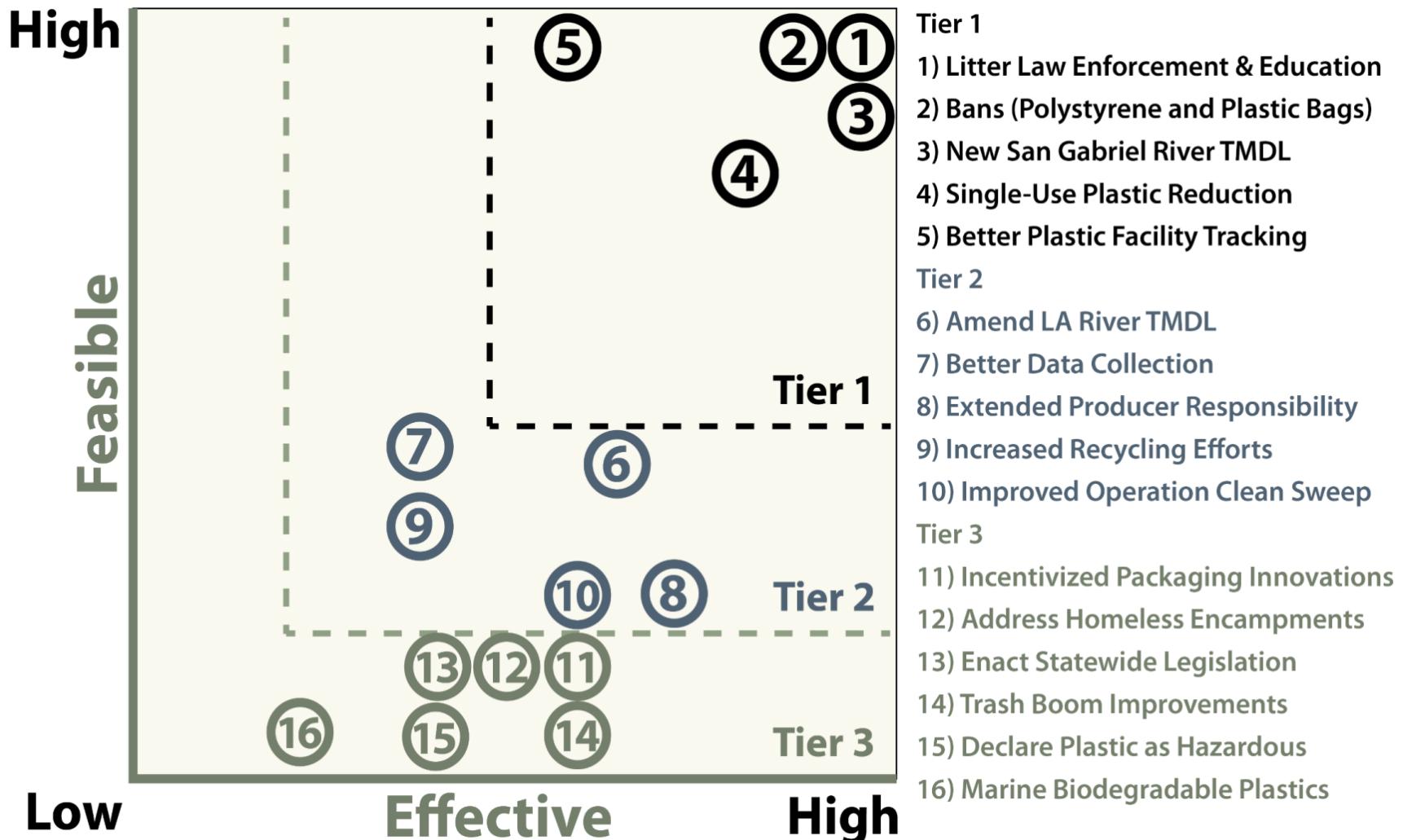
Assumed to end up in biosolids, but fate is unknown



Actions to Reduce Plastic Debris

Industry	Agency	Consumer
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Better Plastic Facility Tracking• Improved Data Collection• Extended Producer Responsibility• Operation Clean Sweep Program Improvements• Incentivize Packaging Innovations• Develop Marine Biodegradable Plastics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Develop a Comprehensive San Gabriel River Watershed TMDL• Amend LA River Watershed TMDL• Enact Comprehensive Statewide Legislation• Trash Boom Improvements• Declare Plastic as a Hazardous Substance• Address Homeless Encampments Litter	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Litter Law Enforcement and Education• Bans (Plastic Grocery Bags and Polystyrene)• Single-Use Plastic Reduction• Increased Recycling Efforts

Actions to Reduce Plastic Debris



Litter Law Enforcement and Education is a High Priority



Source: California Water Boards. From the Erase the Waste Campaign

Implement civil administrative penalty enforcement

Educational outreach – Erase the Waste Campaign

Ban Single-Use Plastic Bags and Polystyrene

Single-use plastic bag bans

- Already banned in 87 cities in California
- Three states considering bans - California, Massachusetts, and Washington

Single-use polystyrene (e.g., Styrofoam™) bans

- Already banned in 33 cities in California

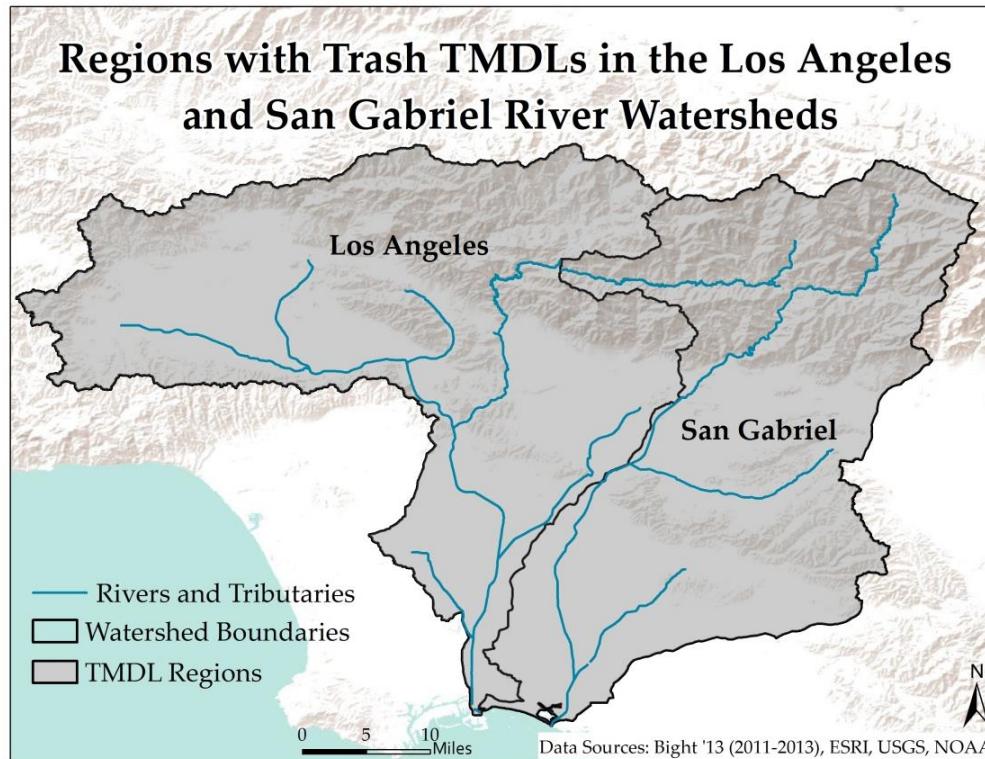


Source: Miramar Landfill utsandiego.com

Implement San Gabriel River Watershed Trash TMDL

Introduction of a Comprehensive Zero Trash TMDL

Include monitoring for effectiveness and for improvement



Reduce Single-Use Plastic

Assess Point-of-Sale Fees on Common Litter Items

Expand Items Covered Under the California Redemption Value Program (CRVs)

CRV Eligible Items	Not Eligible Items
Wine coolers and distilled spirit coolers	Milk jugs
Carbonated fruit drinks, water or soft drinks	Medical food
Coffee and tea beverages	Infant formula
100% fruit juice less than 46 oz.	Wine
Vegetable juice 16 oz. or less	Spirits
Sports drinks	100% vegetable juice more than 16 oz.
	Food and other non-beverage containers

Collect Better Business License Information to Track Industry

Gather industry information on which facilities handle preproduction plastic

Compile a shared database between cities and regional water boards

NEW BUSINESS LICENSE APPLICATION
 Please read all instructions on the other side of this form before completing this application.

1. Business Name: _____

2. Business Location: _____

2a. Check box if located outside of Berkeley 2b. Business Start Date: ____/____/____

3. Detailed Description of Business Activity: _____

4. Business Owner Information:

Organization Name &/or Owner(s) Name – First Name	<input type="radio"/> Rectangular Srip Owner(s) Name – Last Name	Social Security Number – (If Federal Tax Id is not applicable)	Title (If applicable)
1.			
2.			

5. Mailing Address: _____
 Attention (If applicable) _____ Street _____
 City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Business Information: Please answer all the following questions

6. Business Phone Number: _____

7. Emergency Phone: _____

8. Number of Employees: _____

9. # of Loading Zone Decals: _____ (max 4)

10. Date Fiscal Year Ends: _____

11. Email: _____

12. Type of Ownership: Partnership Corporation Sole Owner LLC LLP/LP

13. How do you file Business Taxes: FEIN SSN

14. Federal Tax Id: _____

15. Contractor's License Number: _____ AND 16. Expiration Date: _____

17. State Resale License Number: _____

Business Questions: Please answer all the following questions

18. Will you be pulling a building permit? Yes No

19. Do you sell Tobacco or tobacco products to the public? Yes No

20. Do you sell or provide food and/or drink to the public? Yes No

Do you handle preproduction plastic materials ?

Fee Section:

23. Registration Fee: \$ 25.00	24. License Tax: \$ _____	25. Penalty: \$ _____
26. Subtotal: (Add lines 23 – 25) \$ _____	27. Interest: (See box to the right) \$ _____	28. State Mandated Disability Access & Education Revolving Fund+ \$ 1.00
29. Total Amount Due: (Add lines 26 – 28) \$ _____		

LICENSE TAX:
 Rental Properties \$77.00
 Non-Profits \$25.00
 All other Businesses \$51.00

Penalty & Interest: apply if license was established 30 days after business start date.
 Penalty: (on registration fee + tax)
 Add 10% (if paid 30 days after business start date) OR Add 50% (if paid 31 days after business start date)
 Interest: (on registration fee + tax + penalty)
 Add 1% per month from 30 days after business start date

Warning: Providing false information on this form may result in the City pursuing civil &/or criminal penalties, in addition to penalties & interest that may be imposed for underpayment of business license tax under provisions of BMC 9.04.110, 9.04.115 & 9.04.120.

Conclusion

Interviews, literature review, site visits, and data analyses demonstrate the magnitude, sources, and types of plastic debris

A suite of approaches is needed now to reduce plastic debris

Plastic reduction can result in healthier ecosystems and economies



Onsite visit to San Gabriel River with advisor Derek Booth
Source: Michael Mori

Acknowledgements

Our Faculty Advisor

Dr. Derek Booth

Our External Advisors

Dr. Trish Holden and Dr. Mark Anthony Browne

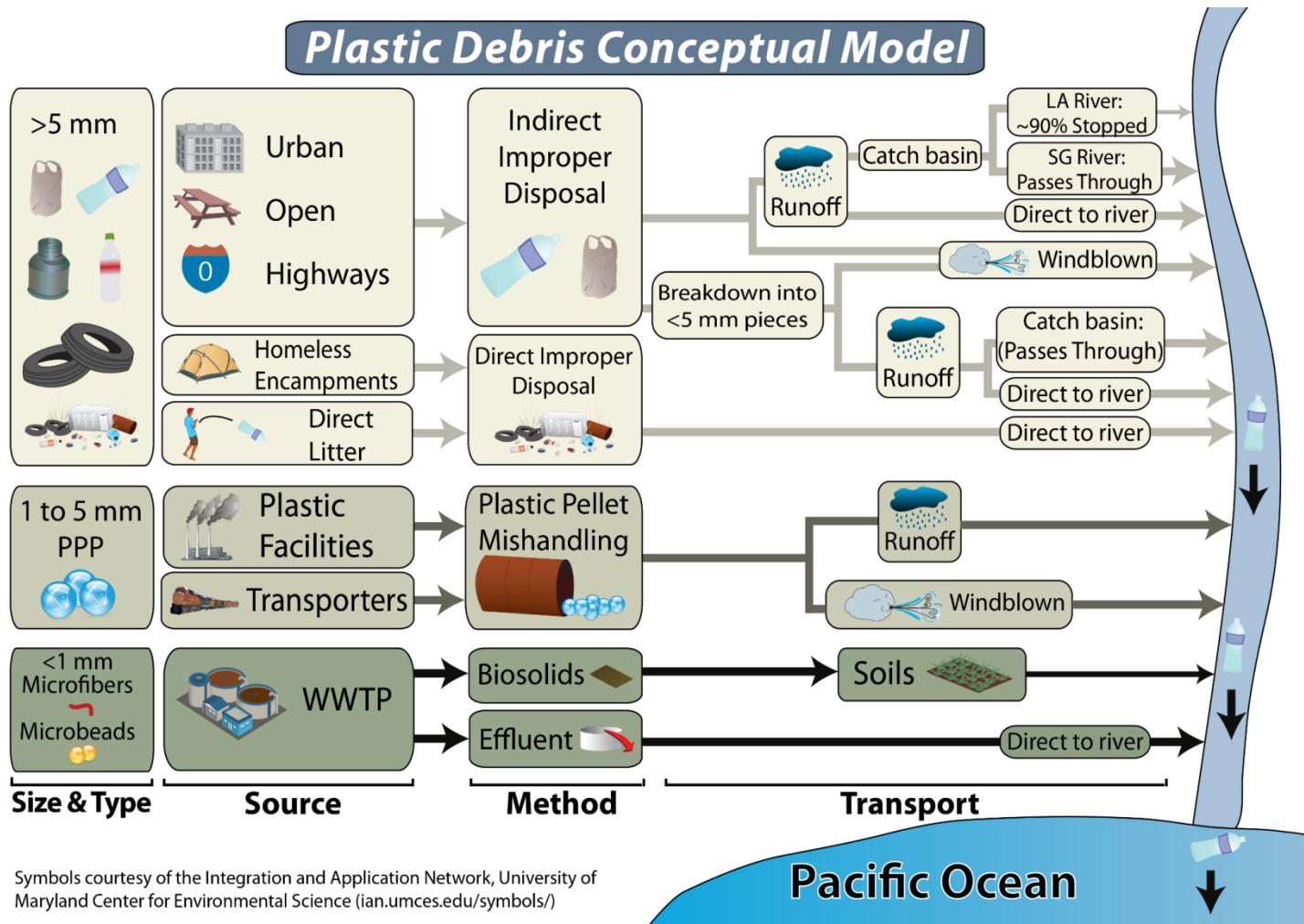
Our Client: Algalita Marine Research Institute

Charles Moore, Judith Marquez, Gwen Lattin, Ann Zellers, and
Marieta Francis

The Bren School

Faculty and Staff

Plastic Debris Conceptual Model



Bren Group emails:

Jessica Midbust – jmidbust@bren.ucsb.edu
 Michael Mori – mmori@bren.ucsb.edu
 Paula Richter – prichter@bren.ucsb.edu
 Bill Vosti – wvosti@bren.ucsb.edu

Donna Walden – dwalden@unr.edu